

DATA SHEET

SUBMINIATURE PROPORTIONALLY CONTROLLED HEATER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The DN515-1528 is a subminiature proportionally controlled heater whose temperature can be programmed with a single external resistor. This device is ideally suited for regulating the temperature of sensitive electronic components such as microwave filters and crystal oscillators. The DN515-1528 is in a ceramic package and can supply up to 28 watts of power from an unregulated 15 Volt power supply.

FEATURES

- BERYLLIA BASE FOR GOOD THERMAL CONDUCTION
- REGULATION TEMPERATURE FROM 5°C ABOVE AMBIENT TO 100°C
- 15 VOLT OPERATION
- ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED FROM THE CASE

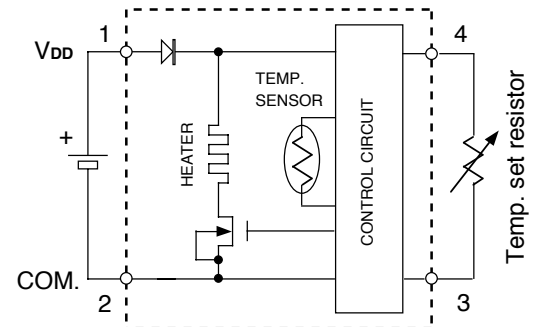
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	20	V _{DC}
Reverse Voltage (Pin 1 to Pin 2)	V _R	-50	V _{DC}
Power Dissipation	P _D	35	Watts
Operating Temperature	T _{MAX}	120	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{MIN}	-65 to +150	°C

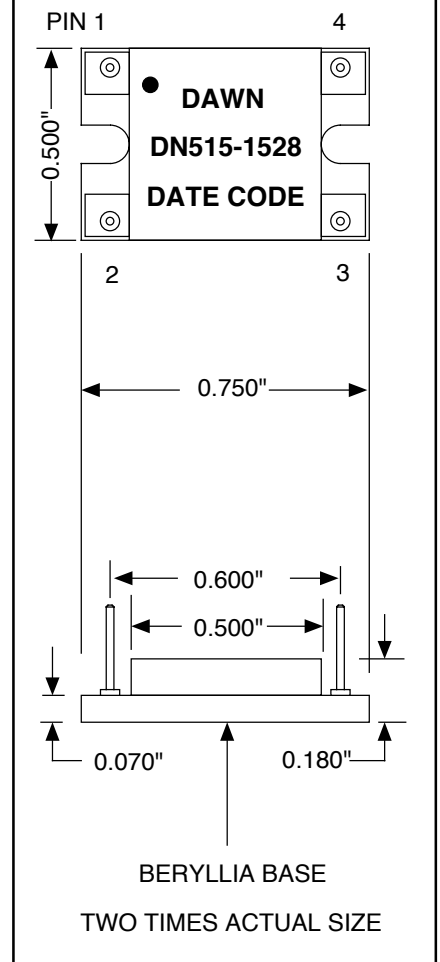
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (Pin 1 to Pin 2)	V _{DD}	+9	+28	V _{dc}
Steady State Supply Current @ V _{DD} = +15 V _{dc}	I _s	0.005	2.0	A _{dc}
Temperature Variation over Operating Voltage	ΔT _v		2	°C
Temperature Variation with Load	ΔT _L		10	°C
Control Temperature Range	T _c	T _A +5	100	°C
Control Resistor Value Pin 3 to Pin 4 (See Chart)	R _s	0		Ohm
Maximum Control Temperature when R _s = 0 Ohms	T _{MAX}		120	°C
Turn on power at start-up @ V _{DD} = +15 V _{dc}	P _D	26	30	Watts

T_A ---- Ambient Temperature

HEATER BLOCK DIAGRAM



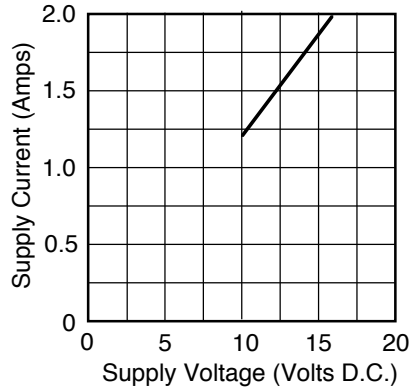
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



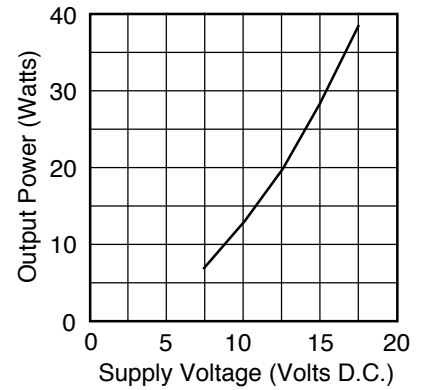
Heater Temperature (Tc) vs. TemperatureSet Resistor (Rs)

T °C	RS KΩ	T °C	RS KΩ	T °C	RS KΩ	T °C	RS KΩ
0	360.1	29	79.6	58	20.2	87	4.6
1	340.6	30	75.8	59	19.3	88	4.4
2	322.3	31	72.2	60	18.4	89	4.1
3	305.0	32	68.8	61	17.5	90	3.9
4	288.7	33	65.5	62	16.7	91	3.6
5	273.4	34	62.5	63	15.9	92	3.4
6	259.0	35	59.5	64	15.2	93	3.2
7	245.4	36	56.8	65	14.5	94	3.0
8	232.5	37	54.1	66	13.8	95	2.8
9	220.4	38	51.6	67	13.2	96	2.6
10	209.0	39	49.2	68	12.5	97	2.4
11	198.3	40	46.9	69	11.9	98	2.2
12	188.1	41	44.8	70	11.4	99	2.0
13	178.5	42	42.7	71	10.8	100	1.80
14	169.4	43	40.7	72	10.3	101	1.68
15	160.8	44	38.9	73	9.8	102	1.52
16	152.7	45	37.1	74	9.3	103	1.37
17	145.1	46	35.4	75	8.9	104	1.23
18	137.8	47	33.8	76	8.4	105	1.09
19	131.0	48	32.3	77	8.0	106	0.95
20	124.5	49	30.8	78	7.6	107	0.82
21	118.3	50	29.4	79	7.2	108	0.70
22	112.5	51	28.1	80	6.8	109	0.58
23	107.0	52	26.8	81	6.5	110	0.46
24	101.8	53	25.5	82	6.1	111	0.35
25	96.9	54	24.4	83	5.8	112	0.25
26	92.2	55	23.2	84	5.5	113	0.14
27	87.8	56	22.2	85	5.2	114	0.04
28	83.6	57	21.2	86	4.9		

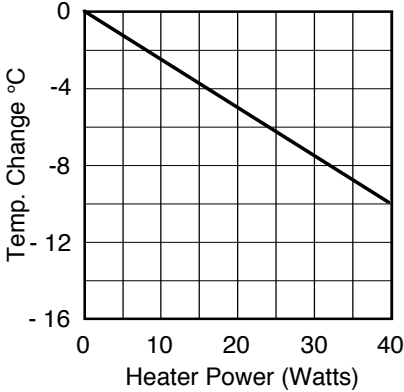
Max. Start-up Current vs. Supply Voltage



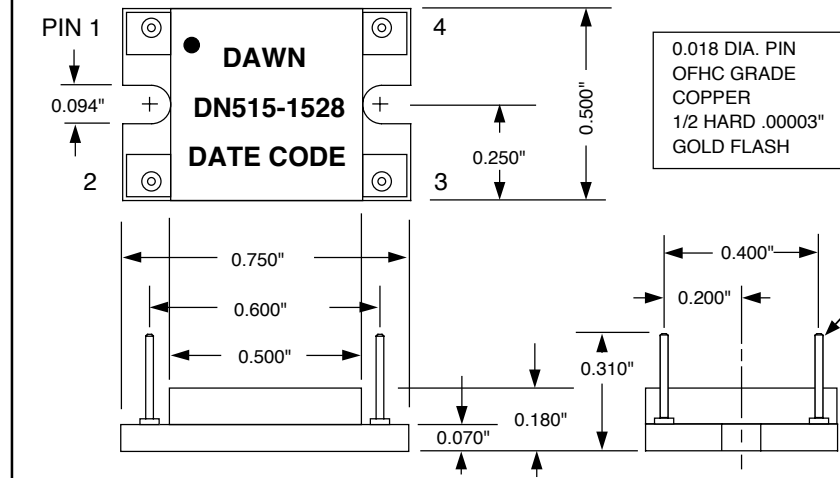
Max. Heater Power Available vs. Supply Voltage



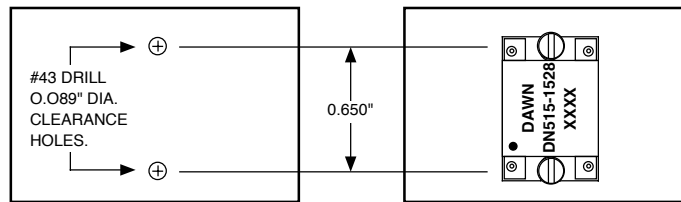
Typical Base Temperature Change vs. Power Dissipation



MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS



Mounting the DN515-1528 Heater



Mounting Tips

1. Optimum heat transfer between the DN515-1528 and the device being heated, occurs when a thermal compound, such as Dow Corning 340, is applied to the mounting surface of the heater.
 2. All DN515-1528 heaters are tested for gross leaks with 3M™ FC-40 Fluorinert™ at 125°C.
 3. Special environmental testing is available on request.
1. Make sure that the surface of the device that the heater is mounted to is flat.
 2. Make sure that the surface of the heater and devices being heated is clean. Any particles between the surfaces will cause poor heat transfer and can cause potential breakage of the heater substrate.
 3. Tighten screws to one inch pound of torque. Alternate tightening of screws to guarantee that the heater is flat.

